

## 1. Identification

#### **GHS Product identifier**

Mixture identification:

Trade name: PLANEX HR Trade code: 9001359 Registration Number N/A

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Cement based powder adhesive

Uses advised against: no data available

## Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd 180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

# Responsible: sales@mapei.com.au

## **Emergency phone number**

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26 Police or Fire Brigade 000

## 2. Hazard identification



#### **Classification of the Hazardous chemical**

Skin Irrit. 2	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Dam. 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
Adverse physicochemical,	human health and environmental effects:
No other hazards	

## GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **Pictograms and Signal Words**



#### Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

# Precautionary statements:

Frecautionally stat	ements.
P261	Avoid breathing dust.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

3. Compositio	on/information on ingredients			
Substances				
no data	available			
lixtures				
lixture identifica	ation: PLANEX HR			
lazardous con lassification:	ponents within the meaning of th	e "Australian Work	Health and Safety (WHS)" regu	lation and related
Concentration % w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
:25 - <50 %	free crystalline silica (Ø >10 $\mu$ )	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4		
:25 - <50 %	Calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9		Exempted
≥20 - <25 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	CAS:65997-15-1 EC:266-043-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT	

## 4. First-aid measures

## Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

#### Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: no data available

Oxidizing properties: no data available

## Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

## 7. Handling and storage

## Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Do not use on extensive surface areas in premises where there are occupants.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Always keep in a well ventilated place.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Cool and adequately ventilated.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

#### List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	Nationa	I DENMARK		0.3		2.			DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol
	Nationa	I DENMARK		0.100					DENMARK, respirable aerosol
	Nationa	I SWITZERLAND		0.15					A
	ACGIH	None		0.025					(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	Nationa	I NORWAY		0.300					K: Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.
	Nationa	I AUSTRALIA		0.050					
	ACGIH			0.025					A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	Nationa	I FRANCE		0.100					
	Nationa	I SPAIN		0.050					
	Nationa	I FINLAND		0.05					
	Nationa	I PORTUGAL		0.025					

	National BELGIUM	0.100		
	National CZECH	0.100		
	REPUBLIC			
	National HUNGARY	0.150		
	National DENMARK	0.300		
	National DENMARK	0.100		
	National SWEDEN	0.100		
	National ESTONIA	0.100		
	National SLOVAKIA	0.100	0.500	
	National SLOVENIA	0.1		
	National BULGARIA	0.070		
	National LITHUANIA	0.100		
	National ROMANIA	0.100		
	National CROATIA	0.100		
Calcium carbonate	AUS AUSTRALIA	10		
Calciant carbonate	National FRANCE	10		
		10		
	National PORTUGAL			
	National LATVIA	6		
portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm	National FINLAND	1		FINLAND, respirabel fraktion
	AUS	10.000		10 mg/m3 PEL
	National SPAIN	4.000		5 mg/m3 TWA (containing
				<1% of free Silica,
				respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of
				free Silica, total dust)
	National PORTUGAL	10		
	National BELGIUM	10		
	National HUNGARY	10		
	National UNITED	10.000		inhalable dust
	KINGDOM			
	National UNITED	4.000		respirable dust
	KINGDOM			
	National CROATIA	10.000	10.000	
	ACGIH AUSTRALIA	1.000		A4 - Not Classifiable as a
				Human
				Carcinogen;pulmonary function;respiratory
				symptoms;asthma
	National UNITED	10	30.000	5 mg/m3 TWA (containing
	KINGDOM			<1% of free Silica,
				respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of
				free Silica, total dust)
	National UNITED	4 000		
	National UNITED KINGDOM	4.000		
		10		
	National ROMANIA	10	10	
	National CROATIA	4.000	10	
	OSHA	15		
	OSHA	5		
	ACGIH	1		A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human
				Carcinogen;pulmonary
				function; respiratory
				symptoms;asthma
	AUS AUSTRALIA	10		
	National SPAIN	4		
	National FINLAND	5		
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Nat	tional FINLAND	1	
Nat	tional PORTUGAL	1	
Nat	tional BELGIUM	1	
Nat	tional LATVIA	6	
Nat	tional UNITED KINGDOM	10	30
Nat	tional UNITED KINGDOM	10	12
Nat	tional UNITED KINGDOM	4	30
Nat	tional CROATIA	10	
Nat	tional CROATIA	4	
	(		

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency Remark
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	100 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments	

## **Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)**

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Worke Industr Profes y ional		Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency Remark
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	6.36 mg/m3	1.06 mg/m3	Human Inhalation	Long Term, local effects
			6.1 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
			6.1 mg/kg	Human Oral	Short Term, systemic effects

#### Appropriate engineering controls

#### no data available

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

#### Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

#### Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment. Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state Not available Color Grey Appearance: powder Odour: cement like Odour threshold: no data available pH: no data available Melting point / freezing point: no data available Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas): no data available Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: 1.50 g/cm3 Solubility in water: < 5 g/lSolubility in oil: Insoluble Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available Viscosity: no data available Specific heat value: no data available Saturated vapour concentration: no data available Release of invisible flammable vapours and gases: no data available Particle size: no data available Particle size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Crystallinity: no data available Dustiness: no data available Specific surface area: no data available Degree of aggregation or agglomeration, and dispersibility: no data available Biodurability or biopersistence: no data available Surface coating or chemistry: no data available VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 2.0 (Rule 1168) g/l

## **10. Stability and reactivity**

## Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

# Chemical stability

no data available Possibility of hazardous reactions

# None.

none.

# Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

## Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information** Information on toxicological effects

#### Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin > 2000 mg/kg
Calcium carbonate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 3 mg/l
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 4h
		LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg
	g) reproductive toxicity	NOAEL Rat = 1000 mg/kg

## If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.

a) acute toxicity

b) skin corrosion/irritation

- c) serious eye damage/irritation
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
- f) carcinogenicity
- g) reproductive toxicity
- h) STOT-single exposure

Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information

- i) STOT-repeated exposure
- j) aspiration hazard

## 12. Ecological information

## Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. Eco-Toxicological Information:

## List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1 - EINECS: 207-439-9		c) Bacteria toxicity : NOEC Bacteria = 1000 mg/L 3
		d) Terrestrial toxicity: LC50 > 1000 mg/kg
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 28 d

e) Plant toxicity : NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 21 d

## Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

## Other adverse effects

no data available

## 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

## Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

## 14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

## **UN number**

no data available

## UN proper shipping name

no data available

# Transport hazard class(es) no data available Packing group, if applicable no data available Environmental hazards no data available Special precautions for user no data available Additional Information no data available HazChem Code/Emergency Action code no data available

# 15. Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

AICS: all components are listed

#### 16. Other information

#### Code Description

H315 Causes skin irritation.

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association. IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA). IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization. ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO). IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients. IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care KSt: Explosion coefficient. LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population. LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population. LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable N/D: Not defined/ Not available NA: Not available NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PGK: Packaging Instruction PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. **PSG:** Passengers RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity. TLV: Threshold Limiting Value. TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard). vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

## Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION